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NO. 3680 P. 7

FEB 0 1 2006

Doc Code: AP.PRE.REQ

PTC/SB/33 (07-05)

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PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW		Docket Number (Optional)		
		KAVIPURAPU 1		
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mall in an envelope addressed to "Mall Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450" [37 CFR 1.8(a)]	Application Number		Filed	
	09/826,240		April 4, 2001	
on February 1, 2006	First Named Inventor			
Signature Deblier Some	Anil Kavipurapu			
	Art Unit		Examiner	
Typed or printed Debbie Sams 211			Paul B. Yanchus, III	
Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-identified application. No amendments are being filed with this request.				
This request is being filed with a notice of appeal.				
The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the attached sheet(s). Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided.				
I am the				
applicant/inventor.		· (1 (3	gnature	
assignee of record of the entire Interest. See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed. J. Joel Justiss				
(Form PTO/SB/96)		Typed or printed name		
attorney or agent of record. 48,981		972-480-8800 Telephone number		
attomey or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34.		·		
Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34	February 1, 2006 Date			
NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below.				
Total of1 forms are submitted.				

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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. KAVIPURAPU 1

FEB 0 1 2006

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant:

Anil Kavipurapu

Serial No.:

09/826,240

Filed:

April 4, 2001

Title:

POWER SELECTION SYSTEM FOR USE WITH A

RECONFIGURABLE CIRCUIT AND METHOD OF

OPERATING THE SAME

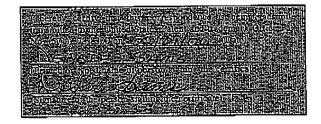
Grp./A.U.:

2116

Examiner:

Paul B. Yanchus, III

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450



Sir:

PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW

The Applicants have carefully considered this application in connection with the Examiner's Final Rejection mailed November 2, 2005, and respectfully request a pre-appeal brief review of this application in view of the following remarks.

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REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

The Applicant originally submitted Claims 1-20 in the application. In previous responses, the Applicant canceled Claims 1-20 without prejudice or disclaimer, added Claims 21-40 and amended Claims 21, 23, 28, 30, 34 and 37. Accordingly, Claims 21-40 are currently pending in the application.

I. Comment on Advisory Action

In the Advisory Action, the Examiner asserts the Applicant defines "reconfiguring a reconfigurable circuit" in the pending claims as "altering a power characteristic applied to at least a portion thereof." The Applicant respectfully disagrees and directs the Review Panel to pending independent Claim 28. As recited in Claim 28, a reconfigurable circuit is reconfigured "by altering a power characteristic applied to at least a portion thereof." Therefore, "reconfiguring a reconfigurable circuit" is not defined in the claims as "altering a power characteristic applied to at least a portion thereof." Instead, "altering a power characteristic" is how the reconfigurable circuit is reconfigured. Thus, it appears the Examiner incorrectly interpreted pending Claims 21-40. Accordingly, as argued below, the Applicant respectfully requests the Review Panel to remove the rejections of the pending claims and allow issuance thereof.

II. Rejection of Claims 21-25 and 28-32 under 35 U.S.C. §102

The Examiner has rejected Claims 21-25 and 28-32 under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,719,800 to Mittal, et al. Independent Claims 21 and 28 include

reconfiguring a reconfigurable circuit by altering a power characteristic applied to at least a portion thereof. Mittal fails to teach such reconfiguring of a reconfigurable circuit.

Mittal relates to reducing the power consumption of integrated circuits (IC). (See column 1, lines 6-7.) Mittal discloses a mode controller 107 that switches a functional unit 105 between a normal mode of operation (typically one with high performance and high power consumption) and a reduced-power mode 102 (typically one lower in performance and lower in power consumption). (See column 5, lines 13-30 and Figure 1.) The mode controller 107, however, does not reconfigure the functional unit 105. On the contrary, the mode controller 107 switches to the reduced-power mode by throttling the performance of the functional unit 105. (See column 4, lines 19-28.) Throttling the performance does not include reconfiguring a reconfigurable circuit but instead involves, for example, lowering an instruction retirement rate or an instruction issue rate. (See column 3, lines 14-17.) Thus, the rates associated with the functional unit change but the configuration of the functional unit 105 does not change. Therefore, even assuming the functional unit 107 is a node located within a reconfigurable circuit as asserted by the Examiner, Mittal does not teach reconfiguring the reconfigurable circuit but instead teaches maintaining the configuration of the circuit and reducing power consumption of the circuit by throttling performance thereof. Mittal, therefore, does not teach reconfiguring a reconfigurable circuit as recited in independent Claims 21 and 28.

Since Mittal does not disclose each and every element of independent Claims 21 and 28, Mittal does not anticipate independent Claims 21 and 28 and Claims dependent thereon. Accordingly, the Applicant respectfully requests the Review Panel to remove the §102 rejection of Claims 21-25 and 28-32 and allow issuance thereof.

III. Rejection of Claims 26-27 and 33-40 under 35 U.S.C. §103

The Examiner has rejected Claims 26-27 and 33-40 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Mittal. As discussed above, Mittal does not teach reconfiguring a reconfigurable circuit by altering a power characteristic applied to at least a portion thereof based on a comparison between a transition rate and a predetermined operating range as recited in independent Claims 21 and 28. More specifically, Mittal does not even teach reconfiguring a reconfigurable circuit. Additionally, Mittal does not suggest reconfiguring a reconfigurable circuit since Mittal teaches reducing power consumption of a circuit by throttling the performance of the circuit. (See column 4, lines 19-28.) Mittal, therefore, provides no motivation to one skilled in the art to dynamically control the power utilization of a circuit by reconfiguring the circuit. Thus, Mittal neither teaches nor suggests each and every element of Claims 26-27 and 33 that depend on independent Claims 21 and 28, respectively.

Additionally, Mittal does not teach or suggest each and every element of independent Claim 34 which also includes reconfiguring a reconfigurable circuit as recited in independent Claims 21 and 28. Mittal, therefore, fails to teach or suggest the invention recited in independent Claims 21, 28 and 34. As such, Mittal fails to provide a *prima facie* case of obviousness of independent Claims 21, 28 and 34 and Claims dependent thereon. Accordingly, Claims 26-27 and 33-40 are not unpatentable in view of Mittal and the Applicant respectfully requests the Review Panel to remove the §103 rejection of Claims 26-27 and 33-40 and allow issuance thereof.

IV. Conclusion

In view of the foregoing remarks, the Applicant sees all of the Claims currently pending in this application to be in condition for allowance and therefore earnestly solicits a Notice of Allowance for Claims 21-40.

The Applicant requests the Reviewers to telephone the undersigned attorney of record at (972) 480-8800 if such would further or expedite the prosecution of the present application.

Respectfully submitted,

HITT GAINES, PC

J. Joel Justiss

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Dated:

Zliloce

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